God Speaks Lecture One: Hebrews 1:1-14 1/15/13

l.	A (Very) Brief Review A. The Letter to the Hebrews					
		Begins like a				
		Ends like a				
	ā	a. It really is both				
	B. Date and Au	uthor				
	1.	Date				
	2.	Author				
	á	a. Short Answer:				
		o. What we do know				
	C. Basinianta					
	C. Recipients	Duraha lahu sa ut ta				
	1.	Probably sent to				
	D. Purpose					
	1.	To encourage those beleag	guered Christians to in			
	the f	faith	,			
	2.	To show,	how and why Jesus is better			
		any other option	,			
	E. Exposition a	and Exhortation				
	1. spiri	Exposition is the expounding tual/scriptural	_			
	2.	Exhortation is	intended to motivate a person to			
		omething				
		The tapestry of Hebrews				
II.	The Prologue – Hebrews 1:1-4					
	A. Contrast					
	1.		given under the old covenant and			
		given through God's	<u></u>			
	B. Divine Com	munication – Vv. 1-2a				

God has not remained silent

1.

		a. It is the same who speaks
		b. And the same that is offered
	3.	Era
		a. Older = in the
		b. Newer = in
		D. Newer - III
	4	Decinionte
	4.	Recipients
		a. Our
		b. Us
	_	
	5.	Agents
		a. Through the
		b. By His
	6.	Ways
		a. Various (times and ways)
		b. In one way (implied)
		c. The older communication wasn't bad or wrong
		Ç
C.	Seven Affi	rmations of the Attributes and Achievements of the Son – Vv. 2b-4
	1.	God appointed Jesus of all things
	2.	God made the through Jesus
	3.	Jesus is the radiance of God's and the
		presentation of his
	4.	Jesus all things through his powerful word
		an annough the perfect at the second the perfect at the second the seco
	5.	Jesus provided for sins
	-	
	6.	Jesus sat down at the of God

2.

In both sides of the contrast

	7.	Jesus is superior to and inherited a name superior to the				
D. The Prologue in a Nutshell 1. "So the opening statement of Hebrews introduces us to the hea						
	of the messa	"So the opening statement of Hebrews introduces us to the heart book as a whole: God has something to say to the church, and that age focuses preeminently in the person and work of the exalted – Dr. George Guthrie				
III.	Application of the	e Prologue				
	ce of Doctrine In the aisles of Christian bookstores					
	1.	in the disies of Christian bookstores				
	2.	Orthodoxy (right) is the only true foundation of praxy (right)				
		"Right theology lays an important foundation for a Christian life robustly lived. A neglect of theology, on the other hand, has detrimental effects on the church and individual Christian lives." – Dr. George Guthrie				
	3. a.	So the application is this We must arm ourselves with right (the truth of the Bible)				
	b.	In order to live lives that honor God in and				
IV.	Exposition of Scri A. Background	pture – Vv. 5-14				
	1.	The author's Bible – the Greek Old Testament				
	B. Four Assumpt	tions the Author Holds About the Old Testament The Old Testament consists of the or				
	2.	The Old Testament presents				
	3.	The Old Testament presents a				
	4.	The Old Testament to Jesus Christ				

"Texts that may have been general statements about the nation, prophets, priests, or kings were often *idealized* in anticipation of God's end-time deliverer who would fill the categories as no one else had. David had been the king *par excellence*, but one day there would be a king like him, only better. The early church applied such texts to Jesus because of their conviction about his identity. The conviction about his identity did *not* derive from the Old Testament. They did not find the texts and then find Jesus. They found Jesus and then saw how the Scriptures fit with him. They were not *proving* his identity in the technical sense so much as they were demonstrating how the Scriptures fit with him." – Dr. Klyne Snodgrass

C.	Continua	tion	of Themes		
	1.		speaking		
	2.		Jesus is the	Son of G	iod
	3.		Christ's role in		
	4.		Christ's	to God's ri	ght hand
D.	Structure)			
	1.		Seven Old Testam	ent Quotes	
	2.		Purpose		
E.	The Son's	s Uni	ique Relationship w	rith the Father – Vs	. 5
	1.		Rhetorical question	on	
	2.		Old Testament qu	otes	
	3.		Messianic passage	es	
	4.		What about "toda	ay"?	
F.	The Infer	ior P	osition of Angels –	Vv. 6-7	
	1.		Old Testament qu	otes	
	2.		"Into the world"		
	3.		Two ways angels	are subordinate to	Jesus
		a.	The	_ him	
		b.	They are God's	not	nis
	4.		What about ange		
		a.	bei	ngs that function as	s God's messengers
		b.	They also	and	God's people

- 5. Glorious beings
- G. The Son's Eternal Reign Vv. 8-12
 - 1. Old Testament quotes
 - 2. Three Overarching Themes
 - a. The Son's _____
 - b. The Son's _____ nature
 - c. The Son's
 - 3. Encouraging believers
- H. The Son's Position as Compared to Angels Vv. 13-14
 - 1. Old Testament quote
 - 2. Inclusio
 - 3. The Son is enthroned at God's right hand because...
- V. O Come Let Us Adore Him: A Concluding Thought
 - A. The World's View of Jesus

"I am trying here to prevent anyone saying the really foolish thing that people often say about Him: 'I'm ready to accept Jesus as a great moral teacher, but I don't accept His claim to be God.' That is the one thing we must not say. A man who was merely a man and said the sort of things Jesus said would not be a great moral teacher. He would either be a lunatic – on a level with the man who says he is a poached egg – or else he would be the Devil of Hell. You must make your choice. Either this man was, and is, the Son of God: or else a madman or something worse. You can shut Him up for a fool, you can spit at Him and kill Him as a demon; or you can fall at His feet and call Him Lord and God. But let us not come with any patronizing non-sense about His being a great human teacher. He has not left that open to us. He did not intend to." - C.S. Lewis

- B. The Author's Purpose
 - 1. To introduce us to the true Jesus